WT	78.87 (1 CT)
Name:	Maths Class:

SYDNEY TECHNICAL HIGH SCHOOL



YEAR 12 HSC Course

Extension 1 Mathematics

Assessment 2 March 2015

TIME ALLOWED: 70 minutes

Instructions:

- Write your name and class at the top of this page, and on your answer booklet
- Both this question sheet and the answer booklet must be handed in
- All necessary working must be shown. Marks may not be awarded for careless or badly arranged work.
- Marks indicated within each question are a guide only and may be varied at the time of marking
- Approved calculators may be used.

SECTION 1: MULTIPLE CHOICE (5 Marks)

Write your answers on the Multiple Choice Answer Sheet, included in your answer booklet. All questions are worth 1 mark

	
1	Joan pays back her bank loan of \$105 000 in 10 years with equal monthly payments of \$1 500.

Her equivalent simple interest charge would be:

- A. 4.17% p.a. B. 5.83% p.a. C. 7.14% p.a.
- D. 17.14% p.a.

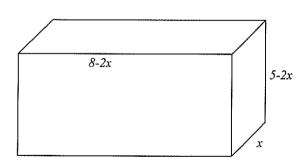
2 The curve
$$y = x^4 - 2x^3 - 12x^2 + 12x - 2$$
 is concave up for:

- A. -1 < x < 2 B. x < -1 C. x > 2
- D. x < -1 or x > 2

When the area between the curve
$$y = \sqrt{x(x^2 - 9)}$$
 and the x-axis is revolved about the x-axis, the volume of the solid formed is given by:

- A. $\pi \int_{-3}^{0} x(x^2 9) dx$
- B. $\pi \int_0^3 x^2 (x^2 9)^2 dx$
- C. $\pi \int_{-3}^{3} x(x^2 9) dx$
 - D. $\pi \int_{-3}^{3} x^2 (x^2 9)^2 dx$

4



A box measures x cm by (5-2x) cm by (8-2x) cm. The maximum volume of this box occurs when

- A. x = 1 B. $x = \frac{10}{3}$ C. x = 1 or $x = \frac{10}{3}$
- D. x = 2.5

5 The value of
$$\int_{-4}^{4} \sqrt{16 - x^2} dx$$
 is:

- A. 8π
- B. 16π C. $2\sqrt{2}\pi$
- D. 0

SECTION 2

(START EACH QUESTION ON A NEW PAGE OF YOUR ANSWER BOOKLET)

QUESTION 6: (8 Marks)

(a) Find indefinite integrals of:

(i) $(x + \frac{1}{x})^2$

(ii) $\frac{5}{\sqrt{x}}$

(b) Find the value of $\int_1^{32} \frac{4}{x^{1.4}} dx$

2

(c) Prove, by the method of Mathematical Induction, that

4

$$1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + \dots + n^3 = \frac{n^2}{4}(n+1)^2$$
 for all values of $n > 0$

QUESTION 7: (8 Marks) Start a New Page

Marks

(a) Differentiate $(1 + x^2)^3$ and hence find $\int x(1 + x^2)^2 dx$

- 2
- (b) Using the Trapezoidal Rule with 3 function values, find an approximation, to 2 decimal places, for:
- 3

$$\int_1^5 \sqrt{25 - x^2} \ dx$$

(c) The area enclosed by the curves $y = x^3$ and $y^2 = 32x$ is rotated about the x-axis.

3

What is the exact volume of the solid formed?

QUESTION 8: (8 Marks) Start a New Page

Marks

(a) The power loss in a length of electrical wiring, in watts per km, is given by the formula

$$L = C^2 r + \frac{5}{r}$$

Where C is the current (in amps) and r is the resistance (in ohms)

(i) For a given current, C, what is the resistance required to give a minimum loss of power per kilometre?

(ii) What is the value of this loss? (in watts/km)

(i)

1

3

(b) Jeffrey would like to save \$60 000 for a deposit on his first home. He decides to invest \$3 000 each month from his monthly salary into a bank account which earns interest of 6% per annum, compounded monthly. Jeffrey intends to withdraw \$M from this account at the end of each month, straight after the interest has been paid, for living expenses.

living expenses is given by \$6 045.08 - 2.005M

- 1
- (ii) Calculate, showing all working, the value of M, to the nearest dollar, if Jeffrey is to reach his goal after 5 years.

Show that the amount in the account, following the withdrawal of the second set of

3

QUESTION 9: (8 Marks) Start a New Page

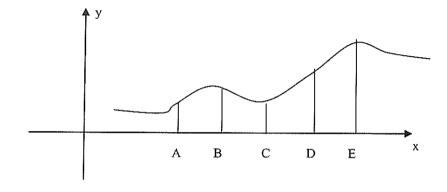
Marks

(a) Using the substitution $u = 2x^2 - 1$, or otherwise, find the value of

$$\int_{1}^{3} \frac{x}{\sqrt{2x^{2}-1}} dx$$
 correct to 2 decimal places

(b) A vase is formed by rotating the area between the curve y = g(x), shown below, the x-axis, and the lines x = 1 and x = 5.





A table of values for the curve, at the points where x = 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 is given below

	Point	A	В	С	D	E
L	х	1	2	3	4	5
	g(x)	3	5	4	6	8

Using Simpson's Rule, with 5 function values, find the volume of the vase. (Give your answer in terms of π)

QUESTION 10: (8 Marks) Start a New Page

Marks

For the curve $y = \sqrt{x}(4-x)$,

(i) Give any restrictions on the Domain of x

1

(ii) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

1

(iii) Find all turning point(s) and their nature.

3

(You may assume the result
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{-3x-4}{4x\sqrt{x}}$$
)

(iv) There are no inflexion points for this graph. Explain why not.

1

(v) Using all of the information above, sketch $y = \sqrt{x}(4-x)$

2

QUESTION 11: (8 Marks) Start a New Page

Marks

1

1

3

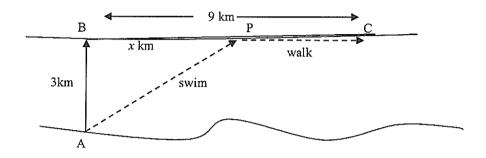
1

2

(a) B is a point across a river from a man at A, and is 3 km due North of A.

C is a position on the same side of the river as B, and 9 km due East of it.

The man at A intends to swim from A to a certain spot, P, on the opposite bank, where P is in a direct line from B to C, and x km from B.



(i) He can swim at 4 kph. Show that the time taken for him to swim to P from A is

$$\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{x^2+9}$$
 hours.

(ii) The man walks at a speed of 5 kph from P to C.

Find the total time (T) for him to get from A to C, via P, by a combination of swimming and walking.

(iii) Calculate the value of x which will minimize the time it takes him to get from A to C (You must show all working)

(b) (i) Show that
$$1 - t + t^2 - \frac{t^3}{1+t} = \frac{1}{1+t}$$

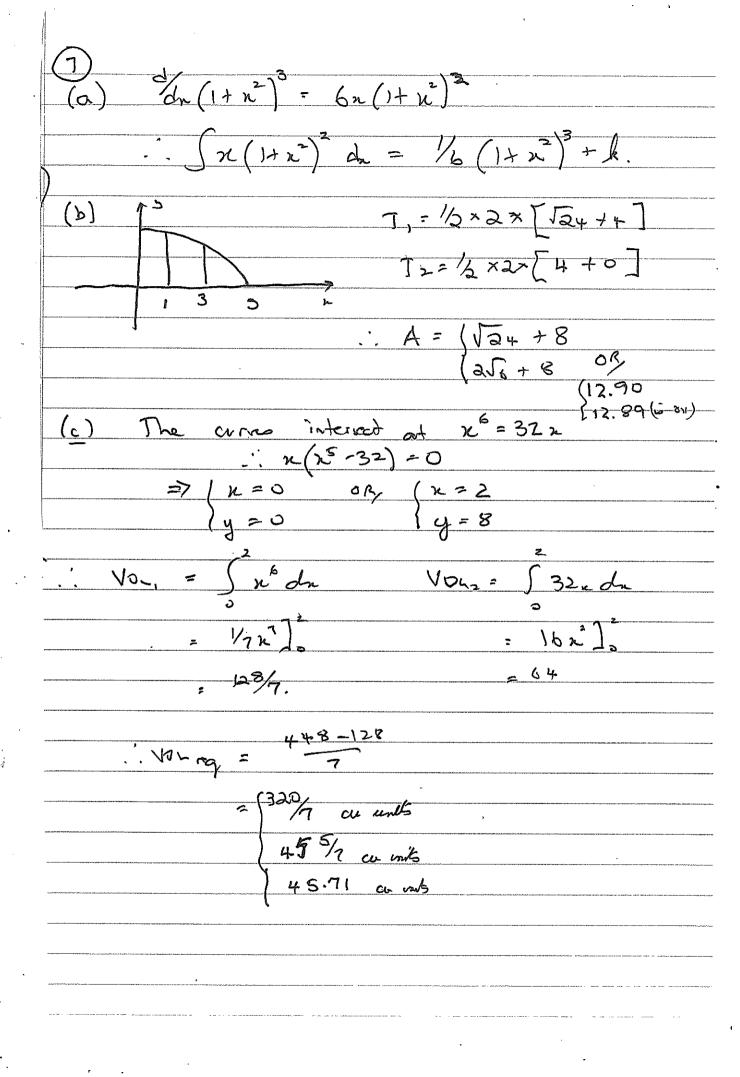
(ii) Prove that, for t > 0 and x > 0,

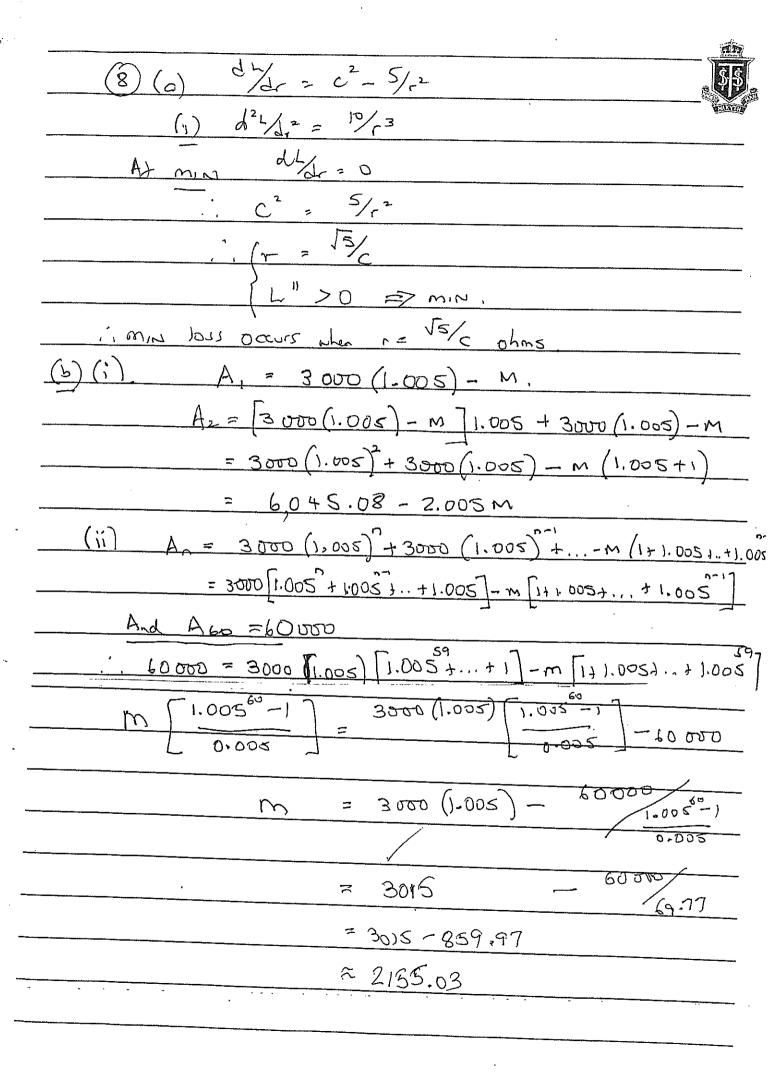
$$\int_0^x \frac{dt}{1+t} < x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3}$$

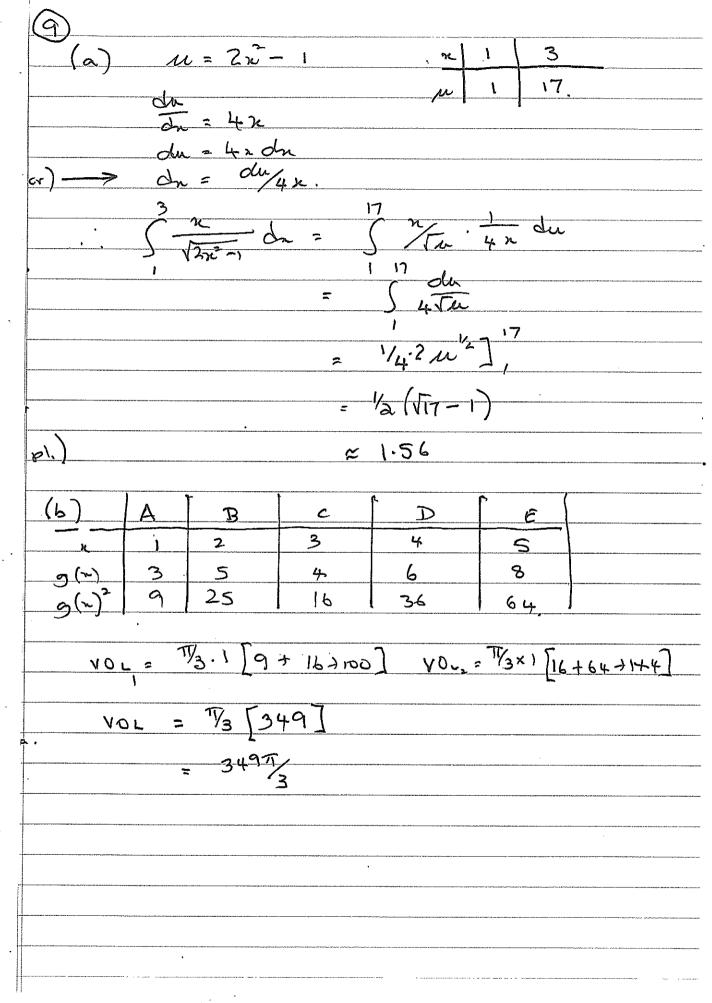
END OF THE EXAMINATION

MATHEMADU EXTENSION)
Year 12 2015
MULTIPLE CHOICE
1. C 2. D 3. A 4 A 5 A.
SECTION 2
$(\alpha)(i)((n^2+/n^2+2)dx = \frac{1}{3}n^3-\frac{1}{n}+2n+k$
(ii) 5 % dn = (10x2 + k)
1052+k
32
(b) (4x - 10. dx = -10x - 10)
(b) $(4\pi^{-1/0}d_{2} = -10\pi^{-1/0}]^{32}$
$= -10 \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + 10 \left(\frac{1}{4} \right)$
= 7"2
(c) For n=1, LHS=1, RHS=1
.'. true for n=1
Assume the formula is true for nake
is 13+23+ + 23 = 12/4 (k+1)2
F about
13+23++ k3 + (k+1) = 14 (k+1) + (k+1) 3
$=(k+1)/4[k^2+4(k+1)]$
= \k+1)\frac{1}{4} \left(\k+2)^2
which is of the same form.
.'. If the formula is the for n=k, it is true for n=k+1.
But it is the for no!
i. i = 2 and 10 on
ir for to

, ri







i

